## Trentwood Irrigation District No. 3 2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Mandatory Health-Related Standards Are Established by the Washington State Department of Health

Mandatory Health Related Standards File Es			Highest level recorded				1		
Parameter	Units	MCL	Well #3	Well#4	Well #5	Well #6	Comments		
Microbiology	Present/	Presence in 5% of monthly	60 representative samples taken this year			The presence of coliform bacteria is used to			
Total Coliform	Not-Present	sample or in one routine and one	0 present				indicate contamination of the water system.		
		follow up and one is fecal or E.				It is an indicator of the possible presence of			
		Coli				E. Coli			
Arsenic	mg/L	.01			.00347				
Barium	mg/L	2			.0515				
Nitrate	mg/L	10	2.95	2.06	2.06	2.12	Organic materiel/fertilizers		
Sodium	mg/L	N/A	6.35		4.45				
Chloride	mg/L	250	9.75		5.07				
<u>Sulfate</u>	mg/L	250	11.7		9.92				
Zinc	mg/L	5	.00291		.00431				
<u>Hardness</u>	mg CaCO3/L	N/A	196		169				
Conductivity	umhos/cm	700	405		352				
<u>Turbidity</u>	NTU	N/A	.114		.124				
Color	Color Units	15	<5		<5		@pH	@pH	
							7.52	7.67	
Total Disolved Solids	mg/L	N/A	193		179				
<u>(TDS)</u>									
Copper	mg/L	1.3	.00157		.00202				
<u>Gross Alpha</u>	pCi/L	15		<3.00					
Radium 228	pCi/L	5		.426					

Abbreviations: Sampled ND=Not Detected MCL=Maximum Contaminant Level-The highest level of a contaminate allowed in drinking water

We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected . The EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels. Drinking Water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminates. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immune-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, person who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).