Spokane County Water Demand Forecast Model

Model 3.0 & 2013 Forecast Update

Presentation Overview

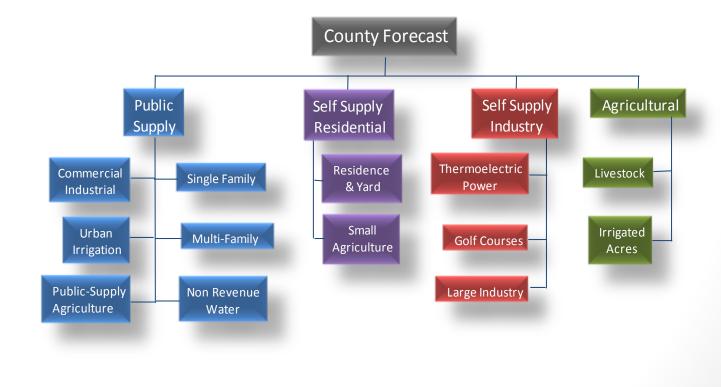
- Water Demand Model Overview
- Model Updates
- Forecast Updates
- Comparison to Idaho Future Water Demand Study



- Spokane County Water Demand Model
 - Forecasts water demand based on:
 - Demographic forecast &
 - Housing and Employment projections from Spokane Regional Transportation Council
 - Water System Data
 - Monthly water use by sector from 15 water systems over a 20 year span for some systems
 - Agricultural census, aerial photo interpretation, park irrigation records, self supplied industrial (DMR, USGS), etc.
 - Forecasts water demand on a monthly basis
 - Forecasts water demand for subareas of the county

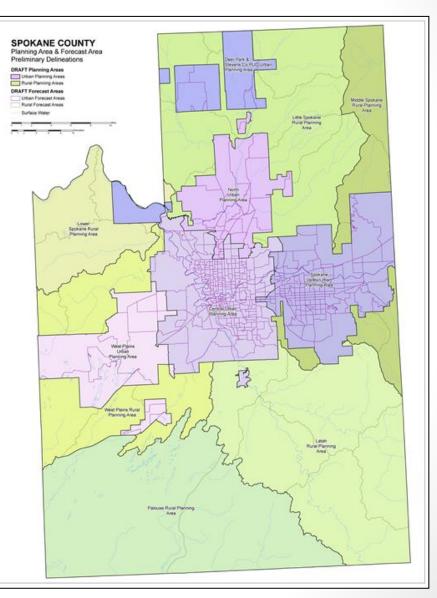


- Segregated by Water Use Sector
 - Each subsector has a unique sub-model, or method of calculating water demand



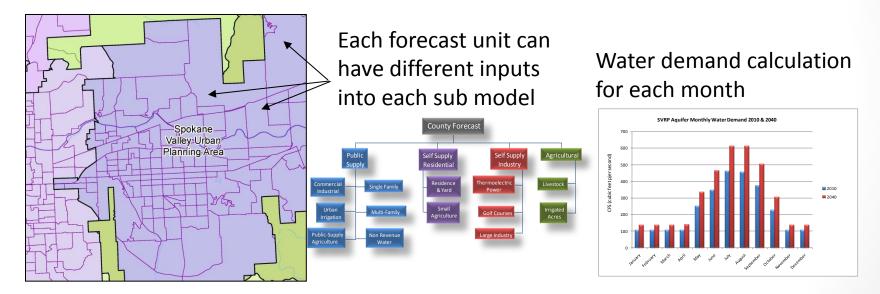


- Segregated Spatially
 - 513 separate forecast units
 - A unique water demand calculation is done for each forecast unit





- Model is disaggregated which allows for many types of analysis, for example:
 - Water use from SVRP
 - Self supplied water use in Little Spokane River Basin

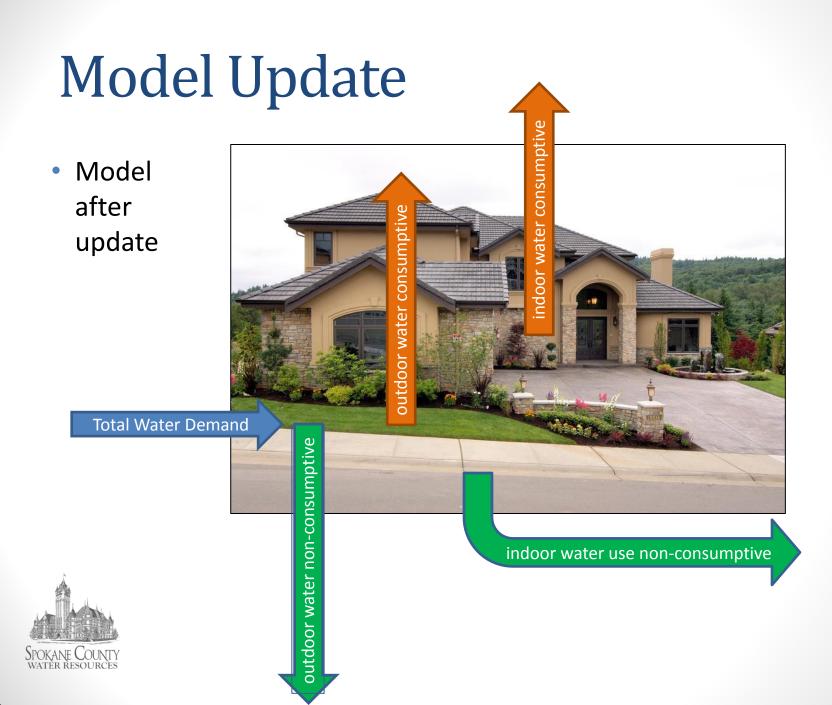




Model Update

- The Water Demand Model did not distinguish between consumptive and non-consumptive demand.
- Model update included separating water demand for each sector/subsector into <u>consumptive</u> use and <u>non-consumptive</u> use and routing the return flow of non-consumptive use.



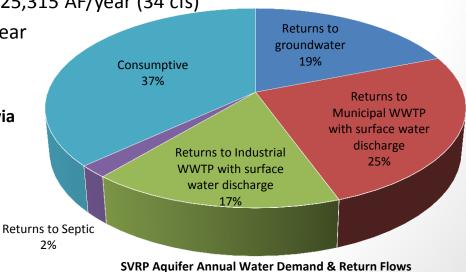


Model Update

- Before Update
 - Total 2010 Water Demand from SVRP = 151,586 AF/year
- After Update
 - Total Water Demand from SVRP = 151,586 AF/year
 - Consumptive Demand = 55,857 AF/year
 - Non-Consumptive Demand = 95,730 AF/year
 - Return to ground from outdoor irrigation = 28,838 AF/ year
 - Return to municipal WWTP = 38,554 AF/year (53 cfs)
 - Return to industrial WWTP = 25,315 AF/year (34 cfs)
 - Return to septic = 3,023 AF/year

42% of water withdrawn from the SVRP Aquifer is returned to the Spokane River via surface water discharge.





Forecast Update

- Updated model with new forecast developed by Spokane Regional Transportation Council
 - New forecast has a smaller baseline and slower growth rate.

Year	2008 SRTC Forecast	2010 SRTC Forecast
2010	162,661	157,330
2020	179,812	174,074
2030	199,472	195,845
2040	219,132	207,270

Comparison of 2008 & 2010 Forecast of Single Family Dwelling Units

- Reasons for difference
 - 2010 Census data available
 - New forecast completed after economic downturn
- 2011 Water Demand Forecast based on 2008 SRTC Forecast
- 2013 Water Demand Forecast based on 2010 SRTC Forecast



Forecast Update

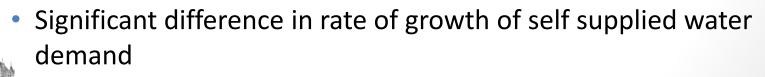
 Difference in water demand between 2011 & 2013 Water Demand Forecast:

					-		
			Public Supply	Self Supply Residential	Industrial Self Supply	Agricultural	Total
~	st	2010	43.38	5.837	8.89	10.46	68.56
2013	Forecast	2040	59.10	10.74	8.89	10.46	89.19
. о́ц	% Change	36.3%	84.0%	0.0%	0.0%	30%	
ц	Ist	2010	52.27	5.46	7.17	10.53	75.83
2011 Forecast	reca	2040	73.59	8.00	7.17	10.53	99.30
	БO	% Change	40.8%	46.5%	0.0%	0.0%	31%
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Table 4: Spokane County Total Water Demand2011 & 2013 Forecast Comparison

values reported in billions of gallons per year

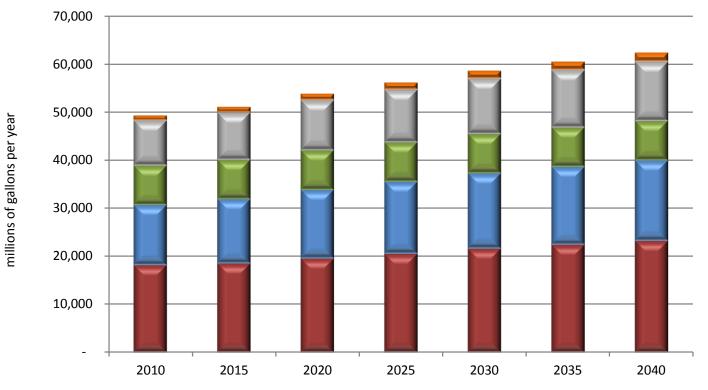
Overall increase in water demand similar



 Change in the spatial distribution of housing units in SRTC Forecast

Results & Analysis

SVRP Aquifer Water Demand & Return Flows



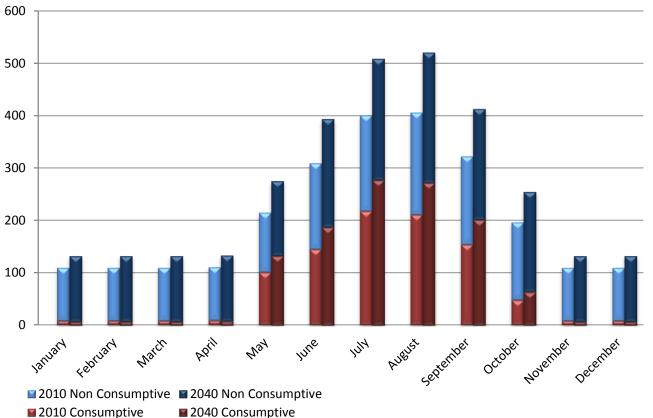
Year

Note: Total demand is sum of all return flows

- Returns to SepticReturns to groundwater
- Returns to Industrial WWTP with surface water discharge
- Returns to Municipal WWTP with surface water discharge
- Consumptive

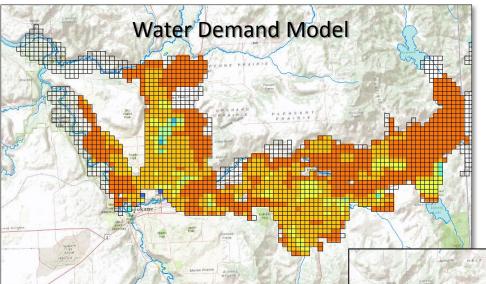
Results & Analysis

SVRP Aquifer Monthly Water Demand 2010 & 2040





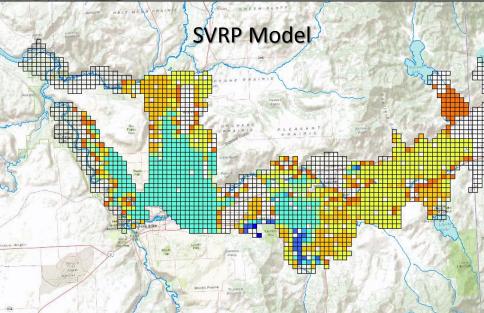
Results & Analysis



 Comparison of return flow from septic & irrigation in SVRP Model and Water Demand Model

cubic feet per day per model cell

1327 - 2946
2946 - 4564
4564 - 6182
<u>6182 - 7800</u>
7800 - 9418
9418 - 11036
11036 - 12654
12654 - 14273



ID & WA Model

 Spokane County Water Demand Model and Forecast now separates consumptive and non-consumptive water use

	Idaho	Washington	
Consumptive	39,830	55,857	
Non-consumptive	34,320	95,730	
Total	74,150	151,587	
% consumptive	54%	37%	

2010 Estimated SVRP Water Use



ID & WA Model

• Comparison of water use sectors

	Idaho	Washington
Public Water Systems	34,430	118,752
Self Supplied Domestic	8,800	119
Self Supplied Commercial & Industrial	4,220	26,946
Agriculture	24,700	5,770

2010 Estimated SVRP Water Use (acre feet per year)





 Separating Single Family Residential into consumptive and nonconsumptive use

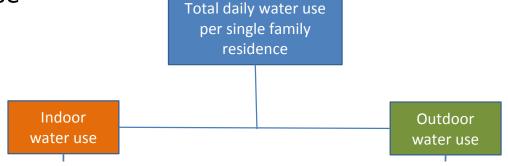
Total daily water use per single family residence

Econometric model estimated single family water use based on:

- Household Income
- Home Assessed Value
- Monthly Max Temp
- Monthly Precip.
- Lot Size



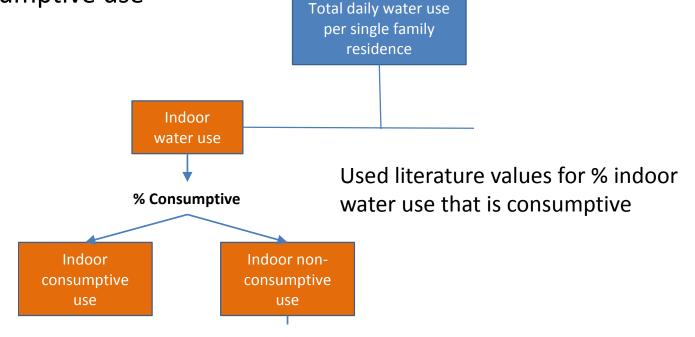
 Separating Single Family Residential into consumptive and nonconsumptive use



Econometric model separated water use between indoor and outdoor components

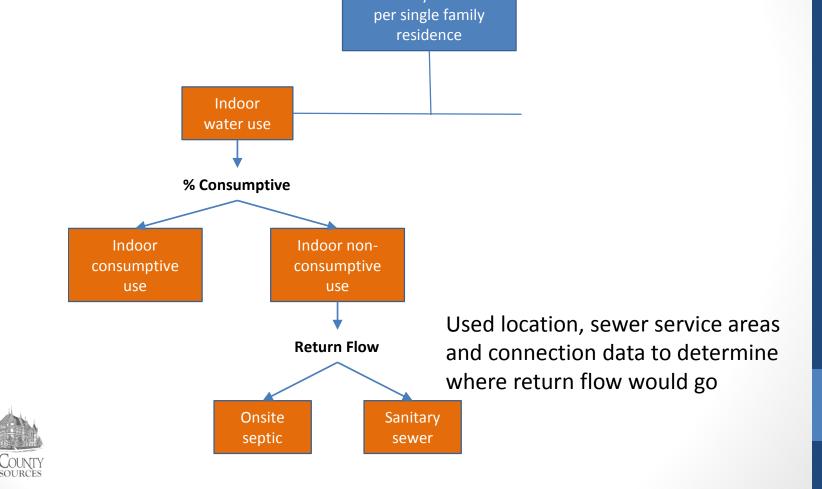


 Separating Single Family Residential into consumptive and nonconsumptive use

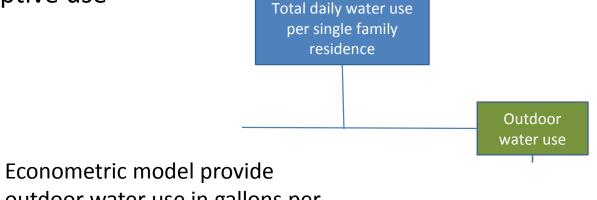




 Separating Single Family Residential into consumptive and nonconsumptive use



 Separating Single Family Residential into consumptive and nonconsumptive use



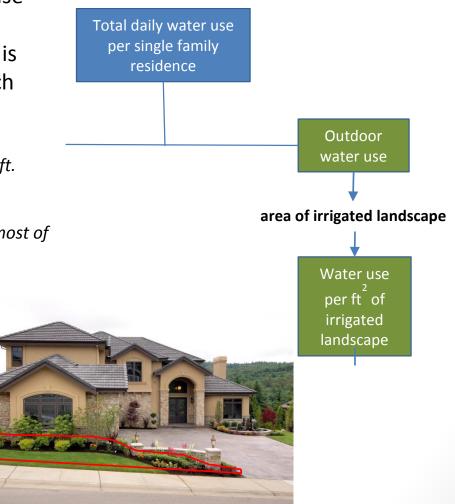
 Econometric model provide outdoor water use in gallons per day per residence



 To separate outdoor water use into consumptive and nonconsumptive components it is necessary to know how much landscape is irrigated.

If 500 gallons per day is used on 100 sq. ft. much of it would be non consumptive

If 500 gallons per day is used on 1 acre most of it would be consumed





Estimating area of irrigated landscape

Parcel size

Building footprint

- Need to know how to split remaining portion of lot into landscaped and non-landscaped
- Took a random sample of 284 parcels to estimate percentage





 Separating Single Family Residential into consumptive and nonconsumptive use
Total daily water use

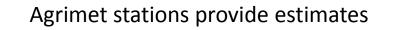
per single family residence

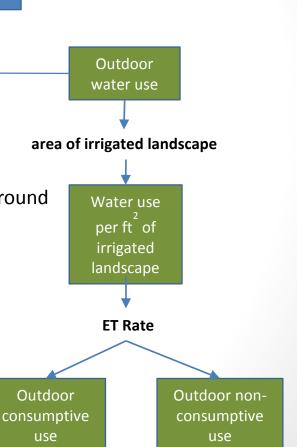
ET rate in inches can be converted to gallons per square foot:

(Total GPD per ft²)– (ET GPD per ft²)= GPD per ft² returned to ground

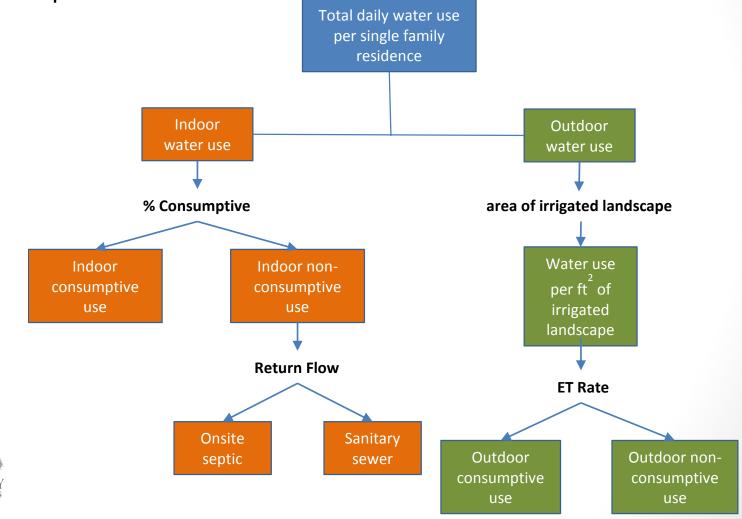
ET is a difficult parameter to estimate, and varies spatially.







 Separating Single Family Residential into consumptive and nonconsumptive use



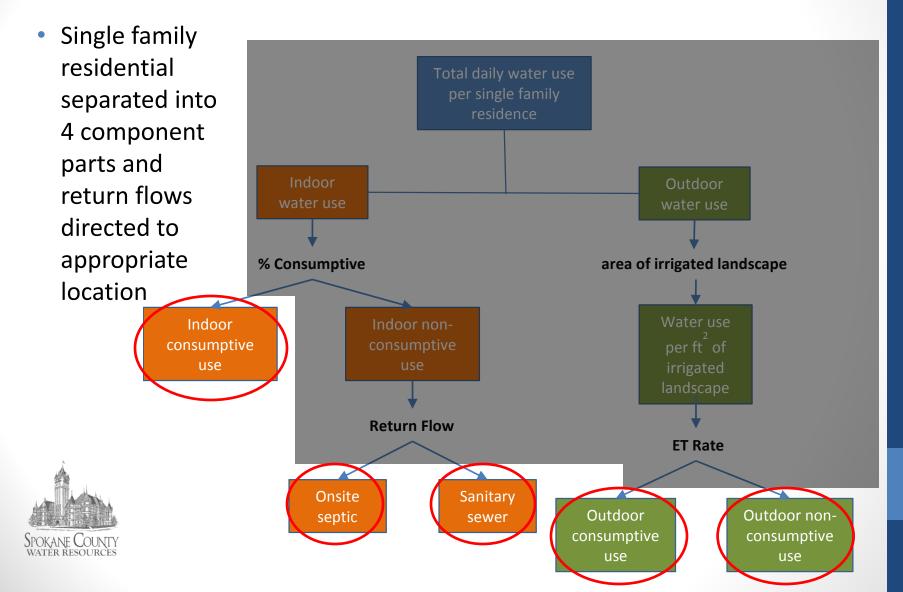


Table 1—Sample Parcel Data Summary					
	Parcel Area	Building Foot Print	Unbuilt Area	Landscape Area	% unbuilt landscaped
Average	13,494	1,816	11,677	5,782	58%
Median	10,031	1,733	8,146	4,571	60%
Max	217,454	5,535	213,549	42,381	100%
Min	4,568	686	3,111	0	0%

284 samples; values given in ft²



Table 12: Irrigated Area Comparison			
Study City	Average Irrigated		
Study City	Area (ft ²)		
Cambridge, ON	6,998		
Waterloo, ON	5,951		
Seattle, WA	6,058		
Tampa, FL	12,361		
Lompoc, CA	4,696		
Eugene, OR	6,863		
Boulder, CO	6,512		
San Diego, CA	5,904		
Tempe, AZ	7,341		
Denver, CO	7,726		
Walnut Valley, CA	10,282		
Scottsdale, AZ	4,968		
Phoenix, AZ	9,075		
Las Virgenes, CA	16,306		
Spokane, WA 6,1			





Return Flow Rates				
Month	Application	Net ET	Return	
WOTT	Rate	Neter	Flow Rate	
May	0.75	0.86	-14%	
June	1.09	0.94	14%	
July	1.60	1.41	12%	
August	1.60	1.31	19%	
September	1.03	0.91	11%	
October	0.50	0.00	100%	

Table 13: Irrigation Application and

values in inches per week

Net ET is Lawn ET from the Rathdrum Prairie AgriMet Station less rainfall



Flow Modeled vs. Reported				
System Name	Modeled	Reported		
Total Flow to City of Spokane Facility	26.31	27.1		
City of Spokane	24.41	-		
Spokane County - North System	1.9	1.72		
Spokane County - Valley	8.05	6.8		
Liberty Lake Sewer & Water District	1.06	0.73		
City of Cheney	0.86	1.17		
City of Airway Heights	0.51	0.6		
City of Deer Park	0.3	0.27		
City of Medical Lake	0.43	0.4		
Latah Creek WWTP	0.05	0.04		
Septic	5	-		
Self Supplied Septic	3.7			
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Table 7: 2010 Total Public Supply Indoor Use Return Flow Modeled vs. Reported

values in million gallons per day

