# Spokane County Water Demand Forecast Model

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#### **Presentation Overview**

- Project Overview
- Overall Model Structure
- Model Development
- Forecast Results
- Comparison to Idaho Future Water Demand Study
- Potential Application in Idaho



#### Water Demand Project Overview

- Initial Model Developed (Model 1.0)
  - January 2010 to June 2010
  - Project managed by Spokane County with technical consultants CDM & Tetra Tech. Included advisory committee.
- Model Refinement, Calibration, & Verification (Model 2.0)
  - June 2010-January 2011
  - Developed new single family & multi family models
  - Calibrated & verified the model, using water system data
  - Developed forecast & wrote report
- Forecast update, Consumptive/Non-consumptive separation, & return flow routing (Model 3.0)
  - Used updated housing & employment data that was based on new census data, new economic forecast



Separated consumptive & non-consumptive use, and routed return flow

Segregated by Water Use Sector

RESOURCE





- Unit Use:
  - gallons per day per household
  - gallons per day per acre
  - gallons per day per employee
- Modified Unit Use
  - Seasonal adjustments
- Econometric:
  - Water use is a function of variables
    - Income, home value, lot size, weather, etc.
  - Statistically derived equation

Forecast model is comprised of sub models that vary in complexity from unit use (simple) to econometric (complex).





- Segregated Spatially
  - 513 separate forecast units
  - A unique water demand calculation is done for each forecast unit
  - Can evaluate different areas of interest
    - Areas over the SVRP aquifer for groundwater return flow
    - Areas served by aquifer for SVRP groundwater withdrawals





#### Segregated in monthly increments



Figure 6: SVRP Aquifer Monthly Water Demand 2010 & 2040



#### Water Demand Model Overview

- Model is highly disaggregated which allows for many types of analysis, for example:
  - Water use from SVRP
  - Self supplied water use in Little Spokane River Basin





#### Water Demand Model Overview

#### Developed and runs in Excel



Series of interconnected spreadsheet and formulas



Fundamental components of the model



 Model complexity from the adaptation of this approach to each water use sector and subsector



- Water Use Per Unit Data
  - Public Supply Model
    - Monthly water use data per connection by sector for multiple years from Water Purveyors
      - Single family
      - multi-family
      - commercial industrial
      - Irrigation
    - Wastewater data
    - Commercial/Industrial water use data by employee
  - Agricultural
    - Washington State Irrigation Guide
  - Self Supplied Residential
    - Residential Water Use Survey
  - Self Supplied Industrial
    - NPDES Discharge Monitoring Reports, BiState aquifer study, Watershed Planning Data Assessments



- Demand Factors Data
  - Weather NOAA, Agrimet
    - Temperature
    - Precipitation
    - ET Estimates
  - Census Data
    - Household size
    - Family size
    - Household income
  - Assessor Data
    - Single family residential assessed value
    - Lot size
  - GIS Spatial Analysis of Well Yield
    - Water availability limitations
  - USGS Land Cover Data
    - Rural residential setting





- Demand Drivers Data
  - SRTC TAZ Data
    - Single family residential housing units
    - Multi family residential housing units
    - Commercial & industrial employment
  - Acres of urban irrigation
    - Digitized from Aerial Photo
  - Acres of crop irrigation
    - Agricultural Census,
    - Digitized from Aerial Photo
  - Number of livestock
    - Agricultural Census
  - Large self supplied commercial/industrial use
    - Bistate aquifer study, Watershed Planning Assessments





- Consumptive Use & Return Flow
- water demand for each sector/subsector is separated into <u>consumptive</u> use and <u>non-consumptive</u> use and routing the return flow of non-consumptive use.







#### Calibration & Verification

Water System	# of Residential	Annual Av per con	erage GPD nection	RPD	Water System	# of Residential	Annual Av per con	erage GPD nection	RPD
· ·	Connections	Modeled	Reported			Connections	Modeled	Reported	
Airway Heights	1,484	364	343	6%	Irentwood ID	1,727	553	421	27%
City of Spokane	74,325	464	425	9%	CarnhopeID	495	328	433	-28%
Whitworth WD	9,954	801	785	2%	Cheney	4,143	448	554	-21%
East Spokane WD	1.700	433	539	-22%	City of Deer Park	1,448	488	440	10%
Inin WD	1 597	421	791	-61%	Consolidated ID	4,984	614	500	20%
	2,557	615	90E	279/	Four Lakes WD	159	564	450	22%
ModelID	2,513	612	805	-27%	Hutchinson ID	872	385	685	-56%
Modern Water Co.	7,424	467	599	-25%	Liberty Lake	3,488	964	643	40%
North Spokane ID	703	495	895	-58%	Medical Lake	1,974	505	342	39%
SCWD #3- 1	2,211	551	535	3%	MoabID	718	855	877	-2%
SCWD #3- 2	4,575	707	721	-2%	Orchard Avenue ID	1,255	426	731	-53%
SCWD #3-3A	1,462	521	516	1%	Pasadena Park ID	2,304	825	736	11%
SCWD #3- 3B	1,475	657	616	6%	Pioneer Water Co	152	950	820	15%
					VeraID	9,195	731	834	-13%
							Av	erage RPD	-6%

Weighted Average RPD

2%



Calibration & Verification

#### Annual Public Water System Use: Modeled vs. Reported

Sector	Modeled	Reported	RPD
Total Production	41,895	41,530	0.88 %
Single Family Residential	15,920	15,617	1.92%
Multi Family Residential	3,996	4,102	-2.62%
Total Residential	19,916	19,719	0.99%
Commercial/Industrial	9,528	9,798	-2.79%
Total Non Residential	10,758	10,118	6.13%
Non Revenue	3,433	3,500	-1.92%



Reported in millions of gallons per year

























Assessment of return flow quantity and routing

Table 7: 2010 Total Public Supply Indoor Use Return
Flow Modeled vs. Reported

System Name	Modeled	Reported
Total Flow to City of Spokane Facility	26.31	27.1
City of Spokane	24.41	-
Spokane County - North System	1.9	1.72
Spokane County - Valley	8.05	6.8
Liberty Lake Sewer & Water District	1.06	0.73
City of Cheney	0.86	1.17
City of Airway Heights	0.51	0.6
City of Deer Park	0.3	0.27
City of Medical Lake	0.43	0.4
Latah Creek WWTP	0.05	0.04
Septic	5	-
Self Supplied Septic	3.7	





#### Water Demand Forecast

 SVRP is a subset of the Spokane County Water Demand Forecast Model





#### Water Demand Forecast

 SVRP is a subset of the Spokane County Water Demand Forecast Model





#### Water Demand Forecast

- Total Water Demand from SVRP = 151,586 AF/year
  - Consumptive Demand = 55,857 AF/year
  - Non-Consumptive Demand = 95,730 AF/year
    - Return to ground from outdoor irrigation = 28,838 AF/ year
    - Return to municipal WWTP = 38,554 AF/year (53 cfs)
    - Return to industrial WWTP = 25,315 AF/year (34 cfs)
    - Return to septic = 3,023 AF/year



#### **Results & Analysis**

**SVRP Aquifer Water Demand & Return Flows** 



Year

Note: Total demand is sum of all return flows

Returns to groundwater

Returns to Industrial WWTP with surface water discharge

Returns to Municipal WWTP with surface water discharge

Consumptive

Returns to Septic

26% growth from 2010 to 2040

#### **Results & Analysis**

SVRP Aquifer Monthly Water Demand 2010 & 2040





Winter water use growth – 21% August water use growth – 28%

#### **Results & Analysis**



 Comparison of return flow from septic & irrigation in SVRP Model and Water Demand Model

cubic feet per day per model cell

<b>—</b> 1327 - 2946
2946 - 4564
4564 - 6182
<u>6182</u> - 7800
7800 - 9418
9418 - 11036
11036 - 12654
12654 - 1427



#### ID & WA Forecast

 Spokane County Water Demand Model and Forecast now separates consumptive and non-consumptive water use

	Idaho	Washington
Consumptive	39,830	55,857
Non-consumptive	34,320	95,730
Total	74,150	151,587
% consumptive	54%	37%

#### Estimated SVRP Water Use (acre-feet/year)



#### ID & WA Forecast

• Comparison of water use sectors

#### Estimated SVRP Water Use (acre feet per year)

	Idaho	Washington
Public Water Systems	34,430	118,752
Self Supplied Domestic	8,800	119
Self Supplied Commercial & Industrial	4,220	26,946
Agriculture	24,700	5,770



# Potential Application of WA model in ID

- Demand Driver Data available
  - Kootenai Metropolitan Planning Organization (KMPO)
    - Housing & Employment
- Need to determine how much data is available from water purveyors – water use by <u>connection</u> by <u>sector</u> by <u>month</u>
- Spokane County Model used many ancillary sources of water use data:
  - Spokane County Utilities wastewater
  - Spokane County Parks irrigation use
  - Irrigation use for schools
  - Irrigation use from golf courses
  - NPDES DMR Data



Misc. water use data from Watershed Planning Assessments

- The model Excel file and reports are located at
- http://www.spokanecounty.org/WQMP/content.aspx?c=2761

Or

www.spokanecounty.org > Water Resources > Projects >

Water Demand Forecast Model



 Separating Single Family Residential into consumptive and nonconsumptive use

Total daily water use per single family residence

Econometric model estimated single family water use based on:

- Household Income
- Home Assessed Value
- Monthly Max Temp
- Monthly Precip.
- Lot Size

Single family residential model is two separate models:

- Indoor use model based on household income (r<sup>2</sup>=0.55)
- Outdoor use model based on monthly average of maximum daily temp., monthly precipitation, assessed value, & lot size (r<sup>2</sup>=0.74)



 Separating Single Family Residential into consumptive and nonconsumptive use



Econometric model separated water use between indoor and outdoor components



 Separating Single Family Residential into consumptive and nonconsumptive use





 Separating Single Family Residential into consumptive and nonconsumptive use
Total daily water use



 Separating Single Family Residential into consumptive and nonconsumptive use



 Econometric model provide outdoor water use in gallons per day per residence



 To separate outdoor water use into consumptive and nonconsumptive components it is necessary to know how much landscape is irrigated.

*If 500 gallons per day is used on 100 sq. ft. much of it would be non consumptive* 

*If 500 gallons per day is used on 1 acre most of it would be consumed* 





Estimating area of irrigated landscape

Parcel size

**Building footprint** 

- Need to know how to split remaining portion of lot into landscaped and non-landscaped
- Took a random sample of 284 parcels to estimate percentage





 Separating Single Family Residential into consumptive and nonconsumptive use

per single family residence

ET rate in inches can be converted to gallons per square foot:

(Total GPD per ft<sup>2</sup>)– (ET GPD per ft<sup>2</sup>)= GPD per ft<sup>2</sup> returned to ground

ET is a difficult parameter to estimate, and varies spatially.







 Separating Single Family Residential into consumptive and nonconsumptive use





Table 1—Sample Parcel Data Summary					
	Parcel Area	Building Foot Print	Unbuilt Area	Landscape Area	% unbuilt landscaped
Average	13,494	1,816	11,677	5,782	58%
Median	10,031	1,733	8,146	4,571	60%
Max	217,454	5,535	213,549	42,381	100%
Min	4,568	686	3,111	0	0%

284 samples; values given in ft<sup>2</sup>



Table 12: Ingated Alea Companson				
Study City	Average Irrigated			
Study City	Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )			
Cambridge, ON	6,998			
Waterloo, ON	5,951			
Seattle, WA	6,058			
Tampa, FL	12,361			
Lompoc, CA	4,696			
Eugene, OR	6,863			
Boulder, CO	6,512			
San Diego, CA	5,904			
Tempe, AZ	7,341			
Denver, CO	7,726			
Walnut Valley, CA	10,282			
Scottsdale, AZ	4,968			
Phoenix, AZ	9,075			
Las Virgenes, CA	16,306			
Spokane, WA	6,190			





Return Flow Rates					
Month	Application		Return		
wonth	Rate	NetEI	Flow Rate		
May	0.75	0.86	-14%		
June	1.09	0.94	14%		
July	1.60	1.41	12%		
August	1.60	1.31	19%		
September	1.03	0.91	11%		
October	0.50	0.00	100%		

#### Table 13: Irrigation Application and

values in inches per week

Net ET is Lawn ET from the Rathdrum Prairie AgriMet Station less rainfall

